

# **Evaluation report on a Reconstructed Human Cornea-Like Epithelium Test Method: The SkinEthic™ Human Corneal Epithelium Eye Irritation Test**

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## **Abstract**

The Reconstructed Human Cornea-like Epithelium (RhCE) test method is a means of evaluating the eye irritation potential of chemicals by measuring the cytotoxicity induced in a RhCE tissue construct and has been adopted as OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development) TG (Test Guideline) No. 492 for use in a bottom-up approach to identifying chemicals not requiring classification and labelling for eye irritation or serious eye damage in accordance with UN GHS (United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals).

The SkinEthic™ Human Corneal Epithelium Eye Irritation Test (SkinEthic™ HCE EIT) is a RhCE test method that has been included in TG 492 as the Validated Reference Method. This report includes an overview of the test method based on the SkinEthic™ HCE EIT validation study report, peer review report, and related documentation as well as an opinion from the JaCVAM Ocular Irritation Testing Editorial Committee.

A validation study in which 60 liquid and 60 solid chemicals were tested at three laboratories was conducted to confirm the reliability and accuracy of the SkinEthic™ HCE EIT. The test chemicals were tested three times at each laboratory. The results showed a sensitivity of 98.3%, a specificity of 69.4%, and an overall accuracy of 84.8% for liquid test chemicals as well as a sensitivity of 92.2%, a specificity of 76.6%, and an overall accuracy of 84.4% for solid test chemicals. There were no significant concerns regarding transferability, and both within-laboratory and between-laboratory reproducibility were 85% or better. These values satisfied the criteria established by the validation management team for accuracy and reproducibility.

The Committee concluded that the SkinEthic™ HCE EIT is suitable for use in a bottom-up approach to identifying chemicals not requiring classification and labeling under UN GHS.